

WILD Kingdom

Project WILD & Aquatic WILD Combination

Name _____
Date _____
District _____

Pretest

Instructions: Circle the letter of the item, which best completes the statements below.

- The maximum number of organisms of a given species a habitat can support is termed the _____.
a. load limit b. peak population c. carrying capacity d. ecosystem ceiling
- Factors such as predation, disease, habitat destruction and degradation affect population size. These are known as _____ factors.
a. limiting b. population c. natality d. emigration
- The Project and Aquatic WILD guides are divided in to three sections that include all but _____.
a. Social and Political Knowledge b. Sustaining Fish and Wildlife Resources
c. Problem Solving and Decision Making d. Ecological Knowledge
- The Sportfish Restoration Act provides monies for aquatic resources education through the purchase of _____.
a. fishing equipment b. fishing magazines
c. fish d. wetland restoration
- The activities within each topic area are ordered in complexity, moving the user from _____.
a. appreciation to conservation b. awareness to responsible action
c. trends to consequences d. diversity to values
- The central theme of Project and Aquatic WILD focuses on the importance of _____.
a. animals b. plants c. people d. habitat
- By WILD definition, which of the following animals is not considered to be a form of aquatic wildlife?
a. manatee b. wood stork c. alligator d. box turtle
- Which of the following acronyms represents the sponsor of Project WILD in Florida?
a. SCI b. WREEC c. FWC d. LEEF
- A suitable habitat for humans and wildlife contains food, water, _____.
a. air and land b. mates and young
c. homes and safety d. shelter and space
- What is the main difference between the Project and Aquatic WILD guides?
a. more field investigation b. jobs in conservation
c. "In Step with Stem" activities d. all of the above



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Post test

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